UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine
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B. E. P. Q.--465, Supplement No. 1. February 19, 1938.

PLANT-QUARANTINE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

OF

FRENCH COLONIES

OCEANIA

The Order of the Governor, dated August 31, 1934, effective December 1, 1934, prohibits the importation into French Oceania of fresh cabbage and cauliflower, in order to prevent the introduction of the common green cabbage worm (Ascia rapae L.) into that Colony. Any shipment of those products arriving in French Oceania will be destroyed.

(Superseding the Memorandum of November 26, 1934, to Inspectors in Charge)

Importation Prohibited into the French Settlements of Oceania Of Plants, Parts of Plants, Seedlings, Seeds, Fruits, And Plant Products Generally, from certain Countries

Article 1 of a recent Order, No. 1233, prohibits the importation of plants, parts of plants, seedlings, seeds, fruits, and plant products in general, as well as their containers, proceeding from Samoa (Eastern and Western), the Tonga Archipelago, the Bismarck Archipelago, New Guinea, the Philippine Islands, Formosa, Cuba, Haiti, San Domingo, and Puerto Rico, as a precaution against the introduction of coleopterous parasites of the coconut palm especially Oryctes monoceros Ol. (rhinoceros beetle).

Importation of Crude Fibers Prohibited

Art. 2. This prohibition applies also to copra and crude (raw) fibers, but not to parts of plants that have been subjected to any manufacturing process unless they are moist or rotten.

Importation of Sand, Soil, and Fertilizers Prohibited

Art. 3. The importation of sand, soil, and fertilizers from the same sources, whether alone or accompanying other products, is also prohibited.

Restrictions on the Landing of other Products

Art. 5. Prescribes that general cargo, other than soils and plant products, laden at ports of the above-named countries, may not be unladen until an official certificate of the country of origin, affirming that the articles, packages, and materials constituting the cargo to be unladen were fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas for 1 hour immediately before the departure of the vessel, the dosage being a minimum of 50 grams of potassium cyanide per cubic meter of space, is presented to an inspector. Such articles shall not be landed until they have been inspected by an inspector, who may forbid the landing of such articles, or if permission be granted, only on condition of fumigation after unlading. No customs official shall permit the landing of such articles except on the instructions of an inspector.

Personal effects, baggage, etc., also shall be inspected and, if deemed necessary, fumigated.

The following data should be inserted in B. E. P. Q.--465 as page 4 a:

GUADELOUPE AND DEPENDENCIES

BANANA PLANTS (Musa spp.): See Order of December 7, 1926, as amended by that of February 9, 1935, p. 25.

COCOA PLANTS (Theobroma cacao L.): See Order of December 3, 1925, as amended by that of February 13, 1932, p. 26.

COTTON (Gossypium spp.), plants or parts thereof in the dry or green state, ginned or unginned cotton, cottonseed, soil or compost, packing or containers, and seeds, plants, etc., capable of harboring the pink bollworm, especially Hibiscus cannabinus, H. escu-

lentus, and Bauhinia: See Order of February 22, 1926, p. 32.

COFFEE PLANTS (Coffea spp.), berries or seeds: See Order of May 19, 1924, to prevent the introduction of coffee rust (Hemileia vastatrix B. and Br.), p. 20.

COFFEE PLANTS (Coffea spp.), and parts thereof, dry or fresh beans, beans in parchment, hulled beans (fresh or unroasted), soil and composts, containers, and plants capable of harboring the coffee-berry borer (Stephanoderes hampei Hag.), especially Hibiscus and Rubus: See Order of February 27, 1922, p. 28.

SUGARCANE (Saccharum officinarum L.): See Order of December 3, 1929, p. 34.

Correction: Page 5, under the item "Cotton," the date of the Order should be February 22, 1926.

Insert in "Contents" page after "Equatorial Africa" the item "Guadeloupe - 4 a"

LEE A STRONG,
Chief, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine.

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA
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